THE DAILY UNION BANNER.

VOL. I. SALISBURY, N. C., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1865. NO. 90

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION AND ADVERTISING.

One paper will be published daily at the following rates in Federal currency:

Daily, 1 year	$10 00
" 6 months	5 00
" 1 month	1 00
Weekly, 1 year	$3 00
" 6 months	2 00
" 1 month	50

Cash in advance.

Rates of Advertising.

(PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.)

Ten lines or less, small type, or one inch space, to constitute a square.

1 Square, 1 day	$ 1 00
1 " 1 week	3 50
1 " 2 "	6 00
1 " 3 "	8 00
1 " 1 month	10 00
1 " 2 "	15 00
1 " 3 "	20 00

To Advertisers in Detail.

THE RATES WILL BE AS FOLLOWS:

Quarter Column	1	month	$20 00
" "	2	"	30 00
" "	3	"	40 00
Half Column	1	"	30 00
" "	2	"	42 00
" "	3	"	50 00
One Column	1	"	50 00
" "	2	"	75 00
" "	3	"	100 00

Special Notices will be charged by the square one dollar for each insertion, for one week; and seventy-five cents for each insertion, for 1 month.

No advertisement inserted unless paid for in advance.

The name of no subscriber entered on our books unless paid for in advance.

No one is authorized to receive and receipt for money for subscription or other work done at this Office, except the Publisher and the Proprietor.

☞ All letters concerning business of the office must be addressed to

J. J. STEWART,
EDITOR & PUBLISHER.

FALL AND WINTER IMPORTATION.

1865.

Ribbons, Millinery and Straw Goods.

ARMSTRONG, CATOR & CO,

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF RIBBONS, Bonnet Silks and Satins, Velvets Ruches, Flowers, Feathers, Straw Bonnets, Flats, &c.

No. 237 and Lotts of 239 Baltimore St.
BALTIMORE, M. D.

OFFER a Stock unsurpassed in the United States in variety and cheapness.

ORDERS solicited and prompt attention GIVEN.

Sept. 5, 1865. pdlmd–87

"MAJOR TURNER'S NEW STORE."

JUST ARRIVED.

A LARGE and BEAUTIFUL collection of

LADIES HATS and TRIMMINGS,
MOURNING GOODS,
Lawn, Calicoes, Shoes and Gaiters.

Having Jewelry and other articles of use wear and ornament.

I have also on hand a choice variety of

Dry Goods,
Domestics,
Crockery,
Cutlery,
Hardware, &c., &c.

All selected from the best markets of the East.

ALSO

VAN HAAGEN & McREONE'S ORIENTAL DETERRIVE SOAP FOR SALE.

Warranted not to rot the clothes being free from Sal-Soda or other injurious alkalies.

J. C. TURNER,
Cowan's Brick Row Main St.

August 8 1865. tf–63

The Daily Raleigh Progress

FOR sale at the POST OFFICE, by
MOSES A. SMITH

Salisbury, July 1, 1865 tf-42

Stolen---$30 Reward!

STOLEN FROM MY STABLE, ONE MILE Southwest of China Grove, Rowan county, on the night of the 24th Aug., a heavy built bay horse, with a star in the forehead and all white feet. He is about six years old, and well broken in harness.

I will give the above reward for the delivery of the horse at my house, or for information enabling me to recover him.

J. W. ABERNATHY.

Sept. 5, 1865. 1wdp–87

TO THE PUBLIC.

3rd Collection District, Salisbury N. C., Sept. 1st, 1865.

I HAVE divided this collection district into divisions as follows: 1st division to include Anson and Union counties; 2d do Stanly and Cabarrus; 3d do Rowan; 4th do. Davidson; 5th do. Davie and Yadkin; 6th do. Forsythe and Stokes; 7th do. Surry, Allegany and Ash; 8th do. Wilkes; 9th do. Iredell; 10th do. Mecklenburg; 11th do. Gaston and Lincoln; 12th do. Catawba and Alexander; 13th do. Cleaveland; 14th do Rutherford, Polk and McDowell; 15th do. Burke and Caldwell; 16th do. Wautauga, Yancy and Mitchell; 17th do. Buncombe and Madison; 18th do. Henderson and Transylvania; 19th do. Haywood and Jackson; 20th do. Macon, Cherokee and Clay.

I will consider the application of any loyal, energetic, business man, who may reside inside the several divisions indicated above for Assistant assessor of the same: provided he can take and subscribe the following oath prescribed by act of Congress, July 1862:

I, ... of .... County of .... and State of .... do solemnly .... that I have never voluntarily borne arms against the United States since I have been a citizen thereof; that I have voluntarily given no aid, countenance, counsel, or encouragement to persons engaged in armed hostility thereto; that I have neither sought, nor accepted, nor attempted to exercise the functions of any office whatever, under any authority, or pretended authority, in hostility to the United States; that I have not yielded a voluntary support to any pretended government, authority, power, or constitution, within the United States, hostile or inimical thereto. And I do further ..... that, to the best of my knowledge and ability, I will support and defend the Constitution of the United States against all enemies, foreign and domestic; that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same; that I will take this obligation freely, without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion; and that I will well and faithfully discharge the duties of the office on which I am about to enter: So help me God.

....., ... and subscribed before me,
this ..... day of ....., A. D. 1864.

All applicants must write their christian name or names in full, otherwise they will not receive notice.

All persons who were doing any business in this district on the 30th day of May, 1865, for which a license is required, will be assessed from the 1st day of May, 1865. All persons who have commenced any business for which a license is required since the date of the establishment of the district, to wit: the 30th day of May, 1865, will be assessed from the date of commencement of said business.

Any person, firm, company, or corporation, desiring to engage in, prosecute, or carry on any trade, business, or profession in this district must first obtain a license therefore provided by law.

Especial attention is directed to section 53 to 70, to 71 to 78, and 116 to 123, inclusive, of the internal revenue act approved June 30th, 1864, as amended by the act of March 3 1865, relative to spirits, ale, beer and porter, and licenses.

The necessary blank applications prescribed by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue for licences can be had at my office.

No manufactured tobacco, snuff, or cigars, nor distilled spirits, brandy or wine, can be shipped out of the district unless in accordance with law.

The income tax for 1864 will be assessed in this district.

H. H. HELPER,
Assessor.

d1s82

NEW SKIRT FOR 1865

The Great Invention of the Age in

HOOP SKIRTS.

J. W. BRADLEY'S NEW PATENT DUPLEX ELLIPTIC, (OR DOUBLE) SPRING SKIRT. This invention consists of Duplex (or two) Elliptic Pure Refined Steel Springs, ingeniously braided tightly and firmly together, edge to edge, making the toughest, most flexible, elastic and durable Spring ever used. They seldom bend or break, like the Single Springs, and consequently preserve their perfect and beautiful shape more than twice as long as any single spring skirt that ever has or can be made.

The wonderful flexibility and great comfort and pleasure to any lady wearing the Duplex Elliptic Skirt will be experienced particularly in all crowded assemblies, operas, carriages, railroad cars, church pews, arm chairs, for promenade and house dress, as the skirt can be folded when in use to occupy a small place as easily and conveniently as a silk or muslin dress.

A lady having enjoyed the pleasure, comfort and great convenience of wearing the Duplex Elliptic Steel Spring Skirt for a single day will never afterwards willingly dispense with their use. For children, Misses and Young Ladies they are superior to all others.

The Hoops are covered with 2 ply double twisted thread and will wear twice as long as the single yarn covering which is used on all single steel hoop skirts. The three bottom rods on every skirt are also Double Steel, and twice or double covered to prevent the covering from wearing off the rods when dragging down stairs, stone steps, &c., &c., which they are constantly subject to when in use.

All are made of the new and elegant corded tapes, and are the best quality in every part, giving to the wearer the most graceful and perfect shape possible, and are unquestionably the lightest, most desirable comfortable and economical skirt ever made.

WEST'S BRADLEY & CARY,

Late J. I. & J. O. West, Proprietors of the Invention and sole manufacturers, 97 Chambers and 79 & 81 Reade Streets, New York.

For sale in all first class stores in this city, and throughout the United States and Canadas, Havana de Cuba, Mexico, South America, and the West Indies. Inquire for the Duplex Elliptic [or double] Spring Skirt. 59—dtf

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William H. Bailey,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law and Solicitor in Chancery.

OFFERS his professional services to the public. Claims against the Government—adjustment of confiscations—settlement of contracts and collection of debts will receive prompt attention.

Office hours 9 a. m., to 1 p. m., 3 to 6 p. m

He also proposes to establish a

Law School in Salisbury, N. C.

Having had about thirteen years experience as a Law Teacher; he proposes to prepare young gentlemen for the bar.

Real Estate Agency.

The undersigned will give his attention, if desired to the purchase and sale of real estate.

W. H. BAILEY.

OFFICE—Register room in the Court House.

Salisbury, 22, 1865. tf-76

BOUGHTON WHEAT.

FARMERS desiring this wheat for seed will apply at once, or leave the money and sacks with Messrs. Crawford and Laurens, where a sample can be seen. Price $4 per bushel.

JOHN WASHINGTON

Salisbury, Aug. 18. 2wd–73–2tw–1

Charlotte Democrat two insertions, and send bill to this Office.

PRESBYTERIAL NOTICE.

SALISBURY, N. C.,
August 16th 1865.

THE PRESBYTERY OF CONCORD, will hold its next regular meeting in Statesville, N. C. Commencing the 13th of September next, at 11 o'clock A. M.

J. RUMPLE, *Stated Clerk.*

[tf–73]

NEW COMMISSION HOUSE,

SALISBURY, N. C.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS OPENED A Commission House in Salisbury N. C., and solicits consignments of merchandize, country produce, etc. Liberal cash advances made.

W. H. HOWERTON.

Salisbury, June 6, '65 tf—20

CHANGE OF TIME.

COMPANY SHOPS,
August 10th 1865.

ON AND AFTER 6 25 p. m. Sunday August 13th 1865. Trains will run until further orders as follows:

MAIL GOING WEST		ACCOMODATION.	
Leave Raleigh	7 40 p. m	Leave Raleigh	6 00 a. m.
" Gre'nsb'ro	2.17 a m	" Gre'nsb'ro	12.50 p m
" Salisbury	6 45 "	" Salisbury	5.00. "
Arrive Charlotte	10.10 "	Arrive Charlotte	7.00. "

GOING EAST.

Leave Charlotte	3 00 p m	Leave Charlotte	5 25 a m
" Salisbury	6 25 "	" Salisbury	9,00 "
" Gre'nsb'ro	10 15 "	" Gre'nsb'ro	1.05 p m
Arrive Raleigh	4 30 a m	Arrive Raleigh	7.30 "

Mail Train connects East and West with the Raleigh and Gaston Train for Petersburg and the North, and with the U. S. Military Railroad for Goldesboro, Newbern, Morehead City and Wilmington.

Freight Train leaves Raleigh at 11.00 a. m. Charlotte 5.00 a. m stopping at Shops over night.

The mail Train only will run on Sunday. Passengers are notified to procure tickets, before entering the Train as additional fare will be collected.

E. WILKES.
Eng. & Sup't.

(1867)

THE

Underwriters' Agency

OF NEW YORK,

CASH ASSETS,

Three Million Dollars,

ISSUE POLICIES OF

Fire & Marine Insurance

Made payable in GOLD or CURRENCY.

Negotiable and Bankable

CERTIFICATES OF INSURANCE

ARE ISSUED BY THIS ASSOCIATION.

JOHN D. BROWN,
Agent.

In the absence of Mr. Brown, Mr. John M. Horah will attend to the business.

Salisbury, N. C., Aug 25, 1865.— d77 3m-pd

Webster's Spelling Books

FOR SALE AT THE BANNER PRINTING Office. Also, our own series—Spellers, Readers, Grammers, Arithmetics, &c., &c.

tf–75

DENTISTRY.

H. L. Coleman D. D. S.

(Successor to Dr. W. F. Bason,)

RESPECTFULLY OFFERS HIS PROFESsional Services to the citizens of Salisbury and vicinity.

Dr. C. feels assured with the experience of fourteen (14) years practice he can give general satisfaction. He can be found at his office, formerly occupied by Dr W. F. Bason, at all hours.

When money cannot be paid for operations on the teeth, provisions will be received; such as bacon hams, no. 1 flour, chickens, butter, eggs, &c., at market prices.

my30tf

WALTON HOUSE,

MORGANTON, N. C.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING LEASED the above Hotel for a number of years, are now refitting it and puting it in good order for the accommodation of the public, and those who wish to visit Morganton and enjoy the fresh Mountain breeze, will find at the Walton House a good, comfortable Room and the best furnished table in the State.

HUNT & WALTON.

August 7th, 1865. 3mo-62.

SWEPSON, MENDENHALL, & CO.

GENERAL

Commission Merchants,

FOR THE SALE OF

TOBACCO, RAW COTTON, COTTO YARNS, CLOTHS, & NAVAL STORES,

121 Front St., New York.

T. J. SUMNER, Company Shops, N. C.

Robert R. Swepson, Sam'l. G. Murphy, New York City.
Cyrus P. Mendenhall, President Farmer's Bank, Greensboro N. C.
Dan'l. Worth, Company Shops, N. C.
Geo. W. Swepson, Haw River, N. C. july 5-d6m

SOUTHERN BOOKS.

Sterling Campbell and Albrigh

PUBLISHERRS,

And dealers in Books, Stationery, &c.,

GREENSBORO, N. C.,

CONTINUE TO PUBLISH "Our Own" Series of School Books, consisting of Primers, Spelling Books, Readers, Arithmetics and English Grammer also Bingham's Latin Grammer and Cæsar. We offer our Books to Teachers and Booksellers on as moderate terms as are offered by publishers in any part of the United States.

☞ For specimen copies or lists of prices address as above.

Aug. 10th 65—3mo.

THE WEEKLY BANNER.

A GREAT

FAMILY NEWSPAPAR!

J. J. STEWART, EDITOR AND

PUBLISHER.

A JOURNAL OF THE *LATEST NEWS*, Politics, Literature, Markets, Revenue and other Reports.

The Great Paper of Middle North Carolina,

Will be published on Monday of every week.

The BANNER will contain more reading matter than any other Paper in the State, and shall be thoroughly devoted to the interest of our whole people. We desire to circulate it extensively in Western North Carolina, and would earnestly request our friends to aid us in procuring subscribers.

TERMS—Single copy one year, - $3,00
Six Months, - - - - - - - - 2,00
One Month, - - - - - - - - 50

Payments in *advance*. Address

J. J. STEWART,
Banner Office,
Salisbury, N. C.

THE UNION BANNER

SALISBURY, N. C., SEPTEMBER 8, 1865.

J. J. STEWART. EDITOR

FOR THE CONVENTION.

HON. NAT. BOYDEN,
HAM. C. JONES, JR.

Election 21st. September.

☞ We are under the necesity of making an apology for the reduced amount of reading matter in our paper. It is owing to the sickness of one of our compositors.

Now that all the candidates, who feel themselves called upon to offer their respective services to the people of Rowan to lift them out of the miery ditch of calamity into which they have fallen and guide them safely back into the Union through the coming State Convention, have made known their good intentions, the people alone will be to blame, if they fail to select men who are most capable of effecting this work for them. There are now four candidates before the people, claiming or asking to be supported. Two are all that are required. It is not for us to say who shall be selected, or who shall not. We believe they all agree upon the proper course to be pursued by the Convention—all agree that the first step is the restoration of North Carolina to the Union, to all her rights as a member of the Union—the re-establishment of civil law, and the grand privilege of the writ of *habeas corpus*. So far there is no difference of opinion, but there are many other questions which will subsequently arise that will require the ablest minds in the State to manage. Hence the great importance of selecting the wisest and best men among us.

From the new Superintendent Capt. S. S. Kirkland, we learn that it is impracticable to run a daily train on the W. N. C. Railroad, from the fact that they have but one passengar car belonging to them, and one passenger car borrowed from the Atlantic Railroad and which is liable to be called for at any time. They are also deficient in other transportation. It is the wish of the Superintendent that there be a daily train and he will lend all his energies to this end. The grading of the road also requires much attention and he is axious to have as much of it repaired as is possible before the winter sets in. The public can be satisfied that Capt. Kirkland will do all in his power to facilitate their comfort and convenience.

Another Candidate.

We learn from Dr. I. W. JONES that he is a candidate to represent the people of Rowan in the State Convention. The Dr. has not yet made a formal announcement of his purpose to the people, but will do so in due time. His views on the important questions of the day, are carefully collected, and we have the promise of giving them in the form of a card in to-morrow's paper. They embody much that we endorse. Being free from all that verbosity that usually characterize documents of this nature, we feel assured they will be read with interest, and that all will be impressed with the manly and conciliatory spirit they display.

The Civil and Military Authorities.

There is no question that attracts the inquiry of our citizens more than the respective powers of the civil and military authorities. The following from the War Department furnishes all the information required.

That the President has accorded a provisional government to the State of Mississippi is a fact which should not be allowed to abridge or injuriously affect the jurisdiction heretofore properly assumed military courts in that region during the war; and especially is the continued exercise of that jurisdiction called for in cases—first, of wrong or injury done by citizens to soldiers, whether white or black; and second, of assault or abuse of colored citizens generally—where, indeed, the local tribunals are either unwilling, by reason of inherent prejudice, or incapable, by reason of the defective machinery, or because of some State law declaring colored persons incompetent as witnesses, to do full justices, or properly punish the offenders.

The State of Mississippi, in common with other insurgent States, is still in the occupation of our forces, and embraced as it is in a military department, is still to a very considerable extent under the control of the military authorities. Moreover, the rebellion, although physically crushed, has not been officially announced, or treated either directly or indirectly as a thing of the past. The suspension of the *habeas corpus* has not been terminated, nor has military law ceased to be enforced, in proper cases, through the agency of military courts and military commanders, in all parts of the country.

For the "Banner."

OLD FASHIONED MOTHERS.

BY PHILO.

The article which appeared in a recent No. of the Banner, headed, "Mother Made it," taken in connection with the present effort, may incline the readers of the Banner to the supposition that "Philo" is a very *methody man*. Well, be it so. I am proud to acknowledge the distinction; for *old fashioned mothers* have nearly all passed away with the blue check and homespun woollen of a simpler but purer time. Here and there one remains, truly "accomplished," in heart and life, for the sphere of home. Bent with the weight of corocing cares and frosted with the long distractive winter of time, mine still remains, in the providence of God, to encourage and bless her unworthy son,—and why should I not, with tongue, pen, and heart, —honor, respect, and love that mother?

During the ravagings of the late cruel war, my aged father, whom I loved no less dearly than I love my mother, breathed out his soul into the bosom of God. It was my good fortune and privilege to bow at his bed side, to receive an aged christian father's blessing, and to watch those pale and quivering lips that had so often lulled my infancy to sleep, as they pronounced the solemn charge, "My son, meet me in heaven me now. Half of my earthly divinity has crossed the stream of death, and the other lingers near the margin, ready to plunge the turbid tide.

Old fashioned mothers—God bless them! who followed us with heart and prayer, all over the world—lived in our lives and sorrowed in our griefs; who knew more about patching than poetry; spoke no dialect but love; never preached nor wandered; "made melody with their hearts," and sent forth no looks but living volumes that honored their authors and blessed the world.

The old homestead! O, I wish I could paint it for you, as it is—no, I dare not say, as it is—as it was; that we could go together from room to room; sit by the old hearth, round which that circle of light and love once swept, and there linger, till all those simpler, purer times returned, and we should grow young again! But ah! my pen falters—my ideas become clouded and vanish in smoke as my heart swells with memories of the past, and the great tear blots the record I am making.

But how can we leave that spot, without remembering one form, that occupied in days gone by, "the old arm-chair"; that old fashioned mother—one in all the world, the law of whose life was love; one was the divinity of our infancy, and the sacred presence in the shrine of our first earthly idolatry; one whose heart is far below the frost that gathers so thickly upon her brow; one to whom we never grow old; but in the "plumed troop" or in the grave council are children still; one who welcomed us coming, blest us going, and never forgets us—never!

And when in some closet, some drawer, some corner, she finds a garment or a toy that was ours, how she weeps as she thinks we may be suffering or sad!

And when Spring
"Leaves her robe upon the trees,"

does she not remember *our* tree, "and wish we were there to see its glory?"

Shall I forget or neglect thee, my aged Mother? No, never! never! It was the sweet melody of thy youthful voice that first charmed my restless infancy to quiet slumbers; it was the warm, out gushings of maternal affection that first taught my infant lips to move in prayer; it was the potency of thy sage counsels that conducted my reckless being across the fearful gulf of youth, unscathed; yea, to thee, under God, I owe my being, my character, my position, my hope, my faith, my ALL; and with *thee*, Mother, I hope to live in heaven!

☞ If you wish to prosper advertise in the BANNER.

GENERAL NEWS.

The Petersburg Express says that the fish in the Appamattox are dying.

The Playbill calls the unsuccessful spinsters on their way home from the watering places.—"Our returning veterans."

Horace Greely is to deliver the annual address at the Minnesota Agricultural Fair. An exchange says that his subject will probably be "The Eradication of Weeds."

The Paymaster General United States Army, has received from an "anonymous soldier" one hundred dollars, which he says was overpaid him.

The palmetto flag first hoisted on the Charleston custom house was sent up under the stars and stripes on Monday, on the custom house at Nantucket.

It is reported there is not a single ton of iron in the whole Leigh Valley remaining unsold at the present day, and many of the establishments have orders ahead.

A boy of sixteen, Eugene Landon, has been arrested for introducing poison into food used by the family of his employers Mr. Crocker, near Buffalo, last week, from the effects of which Mrs. Crocker died.

Mrs. Bull—"Now, my dear B., don't be cross—you see the complete dress only costs to——.' Mr. Bull (reads milliner's bill): "Six hundred pounds of butcher's meat, my dear, that's all.

Gossips tell of a rough fight with the tiger at Morissey's at Saratoga. A party sat from one day until 4 o'clock the next, and the animal came out best, though they were $25,000 ahead at one time.

A Brigadier General in full uniform was stopped in the street in Cincinnati on Saturday by an old lady, who wanted to know why he had not had the dirt removed from the street in front of her house. She mistook him for a policeman.

A mad bull in New York recently hooked his horns in a young lady's dress, who had mounted a dry goods box to escape him. Her companions held on to her, and the hoop skirt was torn from her. The bull went tearing up street with crinoline on his horns.

The following advertisement appears in one of the London journals: "Dogs and cats to board. Families going out of town can have their dogs carefully attended to at the private appartment of the Dogs, Home, Hollingsworth street, Liverpool road, Holloway, N. A., scale of terms furnised on receipt of a stamped envelope. Address the superintendent, as above."

Commissioner Orton, of the internal revenue, says: "My opinion has been asked several times recently as to the propriety or probability of a reduction of the tax on distilled spirits by the next Congress. I have invariably replied that no reduction whatever would be proposed or favored by me, and that it is possible to collect the tax of two dollars per gallon as thoroughly as at any lower rate."

It is stated that President Johnson has introduced into the White House the largest family circle that ever occupied the Executive Mansion. His family consists of his wife, a son, a son-in law, two daughters, and a number of grandchildren. The son in-law is Judge Patterson, recently elected a Senator from Tennessee. Mrs. Patterson, who is to be the lady of the house, was educated at Georgetown, during Mr. Polk's administration, and was then a frequent guest of his family.

A monument costing $10,000 is to be erected at Detroit to the Michigan soldiers who have fallen in the war.

Dan. Andreas, postmaster at Glencoe, Mo., who lately committed suicide, left a confession which has just been found. It says he murdered a returned Californian eight years ago, and robbed him of $10,000. He had also murdered two of his own children, and contemplated the murder of his wife. Also, that he has robbed the mails ever since he has been postmaster.

Capt R. B. Winder, son of the deceased rebel Gen. Winder, whose name is among those indicted with Wirz for inhuman treatment of imprisoned National soldiers, was arrested at Drummondtown, Virginia, on Thursday last, and sent to Washington under guard to await the disposition of the military authorities.

Up to last Sunday night a week ago 27 dead bodies had been recovered from where they had been embedded in the mud and water by the catastrophe of the 25th ult. at Richland Creek, on the Tennessee and Alabama Railroad, and it was supposed that a considerable additional number were still among the ruins.

Mr. John Murphy, acting foreman, in the employ of the East Broadway and Dry Dock railroad Company, fell from a horse while riding and leading three other horses, in Fourteenth st. near Avenue B. on Saturday morning, and was almost instantly killed.

The Episcopal Convention which met in Indianapolis on Thursday elected the Rt. Rev. Joseph C. Talbott, D. D. Bishop of Indiana, which has become necessary to the Church, in consequence of the impaired health and great age of Bishop Upfold.

The Commissioner of Internal Revnue on Saturday decided as follows: A party who holds a license as a retail liquor dealer, and wishes to retire from the business, may sell his entire stock to another person without procuring a wholesale liquor dealer's license.

The total number of Freedmen in the District of Columbia in the charge of the Freedmen's Bureau is nearly 26,000, of whom 519 are receiving rations from the Government without rendering any equivalent.

A dispatch, dated Augusta, Ga., Aug. 31, says: "Three fine young men, of the best families, called out Capt. Hemsley, 33d U. S. Colored Troops, last night, and brutally murdered him. A commission has been organized to day to try them.

A large box, purporting to contain tools, was shipped from Fortress Monroe to Boston, via Harnden's Express, in the beginning of the present week. When the box was opened in Boston, it was found to contain a corpse. The detectives are trying to fathom the mystery.—The address on the box was fictitious.

The Italia denies that a financial arrangement exists between the Italian Government and the Holy See for the settlement of the Roman debt.

Farther Point, September 3.—The steamer Peruvivian, from Liverpool on the 25th, arrived off this point to-day.

Nothing additional had transpered relative to the Atlantic cable. Five pound shares were selling at two and a quarter pounds.

The New York correspondent of the Times writes upon the depth and earnestness of the irritation which prevails against England in all classes of American society. He expatiates upon and endeavors to palliate some of the reasons for this ill feeling.

H. P. Walker, British Vice Consul at Charleston, has been gazetted Consul for the State of North Carolina.

The Morning Post has lantering articles upon the Alleged invitation to Mr. Bright to visit America.

The Cork papers says the Fenians are very active in that city and neighborhood. Large crowds, it is said, assemble for drill. Illegal gatherings are no longer held in out of the way places, but in open day, and numbers avow their intentions almost without reseave.

The weather continues to be unsettled in England, and the rains still interfere with the harvests, and had caused considerable anxiety for the crops.

Leonard Ross was brutally murdered near Folmouth, Kentucky, recently.

The Paraguayans have been badly whipped by the Brazilians near San Borja, loosing 700 men, 3000 horses and two flags. The Brazilian loss was 150 men.

About forty persons in Giles county, Tennessee, having been declared outlaws by the military authorities, have been shot down or hanged within the last three weeks.

The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore Sun, says: "In addition to the information heretofore given, that the President had promptly annulled the instructions issued by the Freedman's Bureau for retaining the lands of Southerners who had been fully pardoned, it may also be stated that the President, about the same time, ordered the Southern Methodist churches, which had been in the hands of Northern ministers by military agency, to be restored to the ministers of the church South, who now assume their ministerial duties in New Orleans, at Memphis, and elsewhere.—The War Department, of course, took the necessary stemps in each case for carrying out these purposes."

NATIONAL BANK.—The first National Bank established in North Carolina, will commence business in Charlotte on the 1st of September.

The Bank of North Carolina will have but two Banking Houses in the State hereafter—one at Raleigh and the other at Charlotte. C. Dewey cashier at Raleigh, Thomas W. Dewey cashier at Charlotte. The effects of the Bank west of Greensboro to be removed to Charlotte, and those east of Greensboro to Raleigh.

LOCAL.

Counterfeits.

Well executed counterfeits of the United States $50 notes are in circulation in this place. One firm on main street took two of them, for good last week.

Sentence Received.

The sentence of the Military Commission in the case of Miss Tempie Neely have returned their verdict. They find her guilty of manslaughter, but in view of the fact that the shot that killed her servant was fired in defence of her aged mother, they assess the punishment at $1,000 fine. The citizens generally are relieved at this, verdict for through her trying sorrow, Miss Neely has had the warmest sympathy of all the citizens and soldiers. She comes through the fire unscorched. Every one who has ever made their mother's knee the altar of their prayer to God, fully sympathize with the act, and have followed the progress of the trial with anxious minds and hearts. Miss Tempie will return to her home in a few days, where we hope the smiles of friends will lihghten up the gloom cast by the shadow of her past dark trouble.

Salisbury Band.

An effort is being made to establish the Salisbury Brass Band on a permanent footing and to retain the services of Prof. W. H. Neave. For this purpose a subscription list has been opened at the store of Merony & Bro. This list is divided into three classes of subscribers; a subscription entitling a person to certain privileges. As a band would be a great addition to our city, we hope the people will be active in coming forward to subscribe.

Arrived.

Gen. Heath, Commander of this Department, has arrived, and we learn will permanently establish his quarters at this place.

Mass Meeting.

We are requested to state that a meeting of the citizens of Salisbury will be held at the Court House on Saturday morning next, with a view to memorializing the Governor with reference to the Municipal government of the city.

The Ladies.

Those of our lady readers who wish the newest and handsomest style of hats, ribbons, waterfalls, shoes and gaiters, and all those other things elegant and richerlu with which they array themselves for conquest, should call at the store of Maj. J. C. Turner, Cowen's Brick Row. The stock of goods is excellent and after the latest styles.

New Store.

The store of Owen & Sofield, at Henderson & Enniss' old stand, is crowded with people from town and country, attracted by the great and choice variety of goods they have for sale, both wholesale and retail. Their store is one of the handsomest on the line of the North Carolina Railroad, and the proprietors are anxious to do all in their power to accommodate the public.

Late Papers.

Mr. P. H. Montague is daily receiving the latest Northern papers and those who wish to obtain them will find them at the Post Office and Quartermaster's Office.

"Daily Carolina Times."

We are glad to see on our table again the Carolina *Times*. It comes out in a large, double sheet and contains much interesting reading matter. Messrs. Warren and Britton are its editors.

MAYOR'S COURT.

JAMES H. ENNISS.—*Presiding*

SEPTEMBER 4, 1865.

Commissioners vs. Charles Reeves, This was a warrant for selling liquor on the Sabbath day in violation of XLI. Ordinance, which says: That no person shall sell on the Sabbath day any spirituous or malt liquors (except for medical purposes, under a prescription of a physician) under a penalty of Ten Dollars for each and every offence.

Claudius Rouzie sworn: I bought a quart of liquor on the premises of Chas. Reeves. I did not buy it of him I bought it in his house, I bought it of one of his daughters. His daughters are not of age.

Statement of Mr. Reeves: I was not present when it was sold. It was sold merely as an accommodation. I do not keep liquor to sell, except by the barrel. Fined Five Dollars.

State vs. Jack Houston, (Freedman) Jack was arrested by A. W. Dolson Co. I 128th Indiana, for wearing upon his person a bowie knife; and not belonging to the military service he was committed to jail. The Intendent bound him over to the Court of Oyer and Terminer, to appear and answer. Gave bail and was released.

Commissioners vs. Rufus Snead (Freedman) Rufus was arrested for being in a state of intoxication and acting disorderly. Fined five dollars and released.

MAYORS COURT, Sept. 5, 1865.

State vs. Eliza, (a Freedwoman,) This was a case of larceny, (stealing cabbage of Wm. Rowzie in his garden on the night of the 5th. Eliza failed to give bail, and was committed to jail.

Commissioners vs. Henry Casper, for selling liquor unlawfully. Mr. Casper was convicted of selling liquor contrary to law, and fined Twenty Dollars and cost in each case.

Commissioners vs. Dr. A. M. Nesbit, for drunkeness and disorderly conduct at the Mansion House on the evening of the 6th. Fined Five Dollars and cost.

Commissioners vs. Francis Mills, for drunkeness and disorderly conduct on the evening of the 6th. Fined Five Dollars and cost.

Commissioners vs. Andrew Buchanan, (colored) for drunkeness and disorderly conduct. Fined Five Dollars and costs.

Commissioners vs. Jacob Miller for selling liquor contrary to law. Fined Twenty Dollars and cost.

Commissioners vs. J. F. Clark, for selling liquor contrary to law. Judgment for defendant, and case dismissed.

THE MAN WHO DESPISED WHISKEY DRINKERS.—It was on one of the river steamers, at dinner, that an able matronly lady remarked in the midst of conversation with a grave looking gentleman, on the subject of temperance:

"Oh, of all things in the world, I despise whiskey-drinkers!"

The gentleman dropped his knife and fork in the ardor of his feelings, extended his hand and took hers within his own and with emotion that threatened tears over the loss of ruined sons, he replied with faltering words:

"Madame, I respect your sentiments and the heart that dictates them. I permit no one to go beyound me in despising whiskey drinkers. I have been disgusted on this very boat, and I say it now before your captain's face. What, I say, can be more disgusting than to see well-dressed, respectable, and virtuous looking young men step up to the bar of this boat, and without fear of observing eyes, boldly ask for whiskey, when they know that there is in that very bar the best of old Cognac brandy!"

FACILITIES FOR SOUTHERN TRAVEL.—The Superintendent of Construction of the Orange and Alexandria Railroad says the road to Lynchburg is now in full working order for freight, as well as for passenger trains, and that the route from Lynchburg via Gordonsville, is the only one by rail from the former place to Richmond.

Communication by rail is now complete to Staunton and to Lynchburg, and beyond Lynchburg to Bristol, in Southwestern Virginia or East Tennessee.

In a few weeks the road beyond Bristol will be finished, when the railroad communication will be complete to New Orleans.

Some freight is taken hence over the Orange and Alexandria Railroad, which was brought hither from New York by steamships.

GREAT EATERS.—Great eaters never live long. A voracious appetite, so far from being a sign of health, is a certain indication of disease. Some dyspeptics are always hungry; feel best when they are eating, but as soon as they have eaten they endure torments so distressing in their nature as to make their unhappy victims wish for death.—*Hall's Journal of Health.*

FOR THE CONVENTION.

MANY citizens impressed with the fitness of Hon. N. Boyden and Paul A. Sifford for seats in the State Convention, to assemble on the 3d of October next, respectfully propose their names to the support of their fellow citizens of the County of Rowan.

Aug. 28th, 1865—dtes1

A GREAT NEW STORE

OWEN & SOFIELD

HAVE opened the store lately occupied by Henderson & Enniss, with a large assortment of

Dry Goods,

LADIES HATS,
RIBBONS,
SHOES and GAITERS,
HARDWARE,
CUTLERY,
CLOTHING,
GROCERIES,

and all other articles of Household use, and ladies' and gentlemen's wear. Also a large supply of good cigars. They offer them to the public at cash prices both at

Wholesale and Retail.

This is the finest and largest assortment of Goods brought to Western North Carolina since the return of Peace.

d1m 88—w1m4-pd

Headquart'rs, Post Salisbury

SALISBURY, Aug. 31st, 1865.

General Orders, No. 4.

I. The preservation of order in the town of Salisbury, will be left entirely to the Civil Authorities, except when the Mayor shall call for the assistance of the Military forces. To this end, all guards will be at once withdrawn, except those actually on duty.

II. Soldiers will be permitted to visit the town under the following restrictions: Three men of a company at any one time, on passes approved at Company, Battalion, and Post Headquarters, but no pass will extend beyond a regular roll call. No pass will be granted after tattoo roll call.

III. When soldiers are in town, they will be required to observe and obey the rules and ordinances for the government of the city, and any violation of the same, will subject them to arrest and trial by the City Authorities.

IV. Patrols will be sent through the town at such times as may be deemed necessary for the purpose of arresting all soldiers found absent without authority, or who are in any manner disorderly. The latter will be at once turned over to the local police, to be disposed of according to law. The patrols will be always ready to assist the city authorities in the maintenance of order, when called upon by the Mayor or Chief of Police; and will act for them only when so called upon.

Any violation of the rules concerning passes, will subject the offender to imprisonment in jail.

By command of

JASPER PACKARD.
Col Commanding Post.

HENRY C. LOSO,
1st Lt. & Act. Post Adj't. d6t88

Land For Sale.

I OFFER for sale my Farm known as "the Graham place," located in Rowan Co., on Third Creek some 3½ miles from Third Creek Depot, containing 660 acres

This farm has an abundance of timber and woodland, is well watered, having thereon four good springs, and easily devisable into two Farms, as it formerly was. It has about 60 or 75 acres of rich bottom land, all of which will make productive meadow or grass land—also several orchards. Its improvements consists of two dwelling houses and the usual farm buildings.

JOHN WASHINGTON.
Salisbury, N. C.

[tfw-11

Carriage and Harness For Sale.

I HAVE a superior Family Carriage and Harness for sale.
Aplly to JOHN WASHINGTON, or
DR M WHITEHEAD.

Salisbury, Aug. 25, 1865.—d2wpd77

DR. R. P. BESSENT.

IS NOW AT THE BOYDEN HOUSE, WHERE he will remain for a short time. Room No. 29.

Salisbury, Aug. 22, 1865.76-tf

STOLEN.

A DARK SORREL MARE, with dark mane and tail, a small white spot in the forehead, white left hind foot, and, I think, two of her feet have some white, between fifteen and sixteen hands high well made, and in good order, was stolen from my stable on the night of the 31st of August.

I will give a liberal reward to any one returning the mare and thief to me, or their confinement so I can get them.

The mare may have been sold, if so, any information concerning so that I can get her will be handsomely paid for.

DAVID BOGER.

Salisbury, Sept. 2, 1865—d6t86-pd

A Valuable Work!

North Carolina Geological Survey, by

PROFESSOR EMMONS,

Two Vols. Cloth, with over 400 Maps & Illustrations.

PRICE $2.00

THIS great work is now, for the first time offered to the public. It is the standard authority in all matters relating to the mineral and agricultural resources of the State, and is really

A WORK OF INESTIMABLE VALUE

to all persons buying and selling real property of any kind in North Carolina—Fisheries, Farms, Swamp Lands, Water Powers,

Coal, Copper, Lead, Iron, and Gold Mines, Quarries, Lumber Lands, etc., etc.

☞ Liberal deductions made to the trade

Address W. B. SMITH & CO.
Field and Fireside Publishing House,
No. 65 Fayetteville Street,
d3t88 Raleigh, N. C.

Seed Wheat!

Mediterranean Seed Wheat For Sale.

Apply to RANSOM JACOBS, at Chambers' plantation on the Yadkin River. d1w88—w2t4

MICHAEL BROWN

COMMISSION MERCHANT

AND

Dealer In Merchandise.

WOULD inform his friends and the public, that he is now receiving the following articles, which will be sold low for cash, or exchanged for produce.

Spun Cotton assorted, No. 8, 9, 10, 11 & 12; Brown and Bleached shirting; Calicoes; Linen, silk and Cotton Handkerchiefs; Shoes, Ladies & Gents; Hosiery; Hats Black & Drab; Suspenders; Irish Linen; Shirt Collars & Bosoms; Coats Spool Thread; Flax Thread; Buttons assorted; Hoop Skirts; Black Braid; Iron, Nails; Tobacco, Snuff & Cigars; Flour in Barrels & Sacks &c., &c.

Salisbury, July 25, 1865. ly-63—

SCHOOL BOOKS.

THE Greensborough series of School Books, embracing Primers, Spelling Books, First, Second and Third Readers, Primary and School Arithmetics, Primary Grammar, Latin Grammar, &c, ☞ for sale at the "BANNER" Printing Office,

These books have received the hearty approval and adoption of the best and most successful Teachers in this State and have the additional commendation of being works of *home production* But independent of that, they are truly meritorious, and therefore deserve extensive patronage.

Salisbury, Aug. 12. tf-69

TO THE LADIES.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED A FINE ASSORTMENT of Millinery Goods,

DRY GOODS, RIBBONS, Laces, Hats, Head Dresses, Veils, articles for the Toilet, and every variety necessary for lady's wear and use, of the latest style and fashion. I am also prepared to do any variety of Millinery and Mantua making, having engaged the services of a

FASHIONABLE MILLINER

from the North who brings with her the latest styles and modes.

MRS. J. CARNCROSS,
Next to Michael Brown, Main St.
Aug. 26, '65-tf.

STILES KENNEDY, M. D.

OFFICE NO. 5, MANSION HOUSE.
SALISBURY NORTH CAROLINA.
June 15, 1865.

WANTED.

COPIES OF THE 'DAILEY' and 'WEEKLY' "CAROLINA WATCHMAN," bearing dates From the 1st to the 12th of April 1865. Send them to the "BANNER" Office, and oblige,

J. J. BRUNER.

Aug. 24. 3t-77

LATE PAPERS.

THOSE wishing late New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and other Northern papers, will find them at Mr. P. H. MONTAGUE'S.

Quartermaster's Office,
tfd86 Main Street.

DR. JOHN F. FOARD. W. H. CUNINGGIM.

FOARD & CUNINGGIM,

(OLD COUNTY WHARF.)

NEW BERNE, N. C.,

Commission & Forwarding Merchants.

STRICT ATTENTION GIVEN TO ALL CONSIGNMENTS,
AND
Goods forwarded promptly by Messengers.

Statesville American and Charlotte Democrat copy one month and send bill to this office. 1mod85

A PROCLAMATION BY
WILLIAM W. HOLDEN,
PROVISIONAL GOVERNOR.
To the People of North Carolina.

In pursuance of power vested in me by ANDREW JOHNSON, President of the United States, by his Proclamation of May 29th, 1865, appointing a Provisional Governor of North Carolina, under the fourth article of the Constitution of the United States, which guarantees to every State in the Union a republican form of government; and in order to enable the loyal people of said State to organize a State Government, whereby justice may be established, domestic tranquility restored, and loyal citizens protected in all their rights of life, liberty, and property; and in order, also, that said State may be restored to its Constitutional relations to the Federal Government, by presenting such a republican form of government as will entitle the State to the guarantee of the United States against invasion, insurrection and domestic violence. I, WM. W. HOLDEN, Provisional Governor as aforesaid do hereby proclaim that an election will be held in said State, on Thursday, the 21st day of September, 1865, for a Convention, to be composed of one hundred and twenty delegates, to be chosen as follows:

The county of Alamance will choose two members.

The county of Alexander will choose one member.

The counties of Ashe and Alleghany will choose one member.

The county of Anson will choose two members.

The county of Beaufort will choose two members.

The county of Bertie will choose two members.

The county of Bladen will choose one member.

The county of Brunswick will choose one member.

The county of Buncombe will choose one member.

The county of Burke will choose one member.

The county of Cabarrus will choose one member.

The county of Caldwell will choose one member.

The county of Camden will choose one member.

The county of Carteret will choose one member.

The county of Caswell will choose two members.

The county of Catawba will choose one member.

The county of Chatham will choose three members.

The counties of Cherokee and Clay will choose one member.

The county of Chowan will choose one member.

The county of Cleveland will choose two members.

The county of Columbus will choose one member.

The county of Craven will choose two members.

The counties of Cumberland and Harnett will choose three members.

The county of Currituck will choose one member.

The county of Davidson will choose two members.

The county of Davie will choose one member.

The county of Duplin will choose two members.

The counties of Edgecombe and Wilson will choose two members.

The county of Forsythe will choose two members.

The county of Franklin will choose one member.

The county of Gaston will choose one member.

The county of Gates will choose one member.

The county of Granville will choose three members.

The county of Greene will choose one member.

The county of Guilford will choose three members.

The county of Halifax will choose two members.

The county of Haywood will choose one member.

The counties of Henderson and Transylvania will choose one member.

The county of Hertford will choose one member.

The county of Hyde will choose one member.

The county of Iredell will choose two members.

The county of Jackson will choose one member.

The county of Johnston will choose two members.

The county of Jones will choose one member.

The county of Lenoir will choose one member.

The county of Lincoln will choose one member.

The county of Macon will choose one member.

The county of Madison will choose one member.

The county of Martin will choose one member.

The county of McDowell will choose one member.

The county of Mecklenburg will choose two members.

The county of Montgomery will choose one member.

The county of Moore will choose one member.

The county of Nash will choose one member.

The county of New Hanover will choose two members.

The county of Northampton will choose two members.

The county of Onslow will choose one member.

The county of Orange will choose two members.

The county of Pasquotank will choose one member.

The county of Perquimans will choose one member.

The county of Person will choose one member.

The county of Pitt will choose two members.

The county of Randolph will choose two members.

The county of Richmond will choose one member.

The county of Robeson will choose two members.

The county of Rockingham will choose two members.

The county of Rowan will choose two members.

The counties of Rutherford and Polk will choose two members.

The county of Sampson will choose two members.

The county of Stanly will choose one member.

The county of Stokes will choose one member.

The county of Surry will choose one member.

The county of Tyrrell will choose one member.

The county of Union will choose one member.

The county of Wake will choose three members.

The county of Warren will choose two members.

The county of Washington will choose one member.

The county of Watauga will choose one member.

The county of Wayne will choose two members.

The county of Wilkes will choose two members.

The county of Yadkin will choose one member.

The counties of Yancey and Mitchell will choose one member.

The Clerks and Sheriffs of the respective counties will proceed at once to assemble the Justices of the Peace, a majority of whom will select from their number not less than six nor more than eighteen Justices, men of intelligence, discretion firmness, and approved loyalty, whose duty it shall be to administer to those who may be entitled to receive it, the oath contained in the President's Amnesty Proclamation of May 29th, 1865, under such instruction as may be prescribed in this Proclamation. The Justices shall, at the same time, appoint Inspectors of the elections at the various precincts in their respective counties, in accordance with the law in relation thereto, Chapter 52, Revised Code of North Carolina. The election for members of the Convention shall be conducted in the same manner as elections for members of the House of Commons, in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 52, Revised Code, so far as said provisions may be applicable; and the officers appointed to hold said elections, and to make returns thereof, shall be liable to the same penalties for failure to act, or for neglect of duty, as are prescribed in Chapter 52 Revised Code.

No person will be allowed to vote who is not a voter qualified as prescribed by the Constitution and laws of the State, in force immediately before the 20th day of May, 1861; except that the payment of a poll tax shall not be required.

All paroled soldiers of the army and navy of the pretended Confederate States, or of this State, and all paroled officers of the army and navy of the pretended Confederate States, or of this State, under and including the rank of Colonel, if of the army, and under and including the rank of Lieutenant, if of the navy, will be allowed to vote, provided they are not included in any of the fourteen excluded classes of the President's Amnesty Proclamation; and, provided further, that they are citizens of the State in accordance with the terms prescribed in the preceding paragraph.

No person will be allowed to vote who does not exhibit to the inspectors a copy of the Amnesty Oath, as contained in the President's Proclamation of May 29, 1865, and signed by himself and certified by at least two Justices of the Peace.

Printed copies of the Amnesty Oath will be furnished to the Clerks, who will distribute them to the Justices appointed to administer the oath. The Justices will deliver the certified copy to the person taking the oath, and retain the original to be transmitted to this office. Justices of the peace are authorized to administer the Amnesty Oath to persons who may desire to apply to the President for pardon.

The Sheriffs of the respective counties shall furnish, as soon as practicable, certificates of election to those persons who may have received the highest number of votes as members of the Convention; and the Sheriffs shall also immediately send to the office of the Secretary of State, Raleigh, a statement of the vote in their respective counties for the members aforesaid, and also a statement of the said vote, sealed up, directed to the President of the Convention, Raleigh, to be laid before the Convention.

The members of the Convention, thus chosen, will assemble in the city of Raleigh, on Monday, the second day of October, 1865.

The attention of Justices appointed to administer the Amnesty Oath, is especially directed to the following fourteen excluded classes of the President's Amnesty Proclamation of May 29th, 1865:

"*First*—All who are, or shall have been pretended civil or diplomatic officers, or otherwise, domestic or foreign agents of the pretended Confederate government.

Second—All who left judicial stations under the United States to aid the rebellion.

Third—All who have been military or naval officers of said pretended Confederate government, above the rank of Colonel in the army or Lieutenant in the navy.

Fourth—All who left seats in the Congress of the United States to aid the rebellion.

Fifth—All who resigned or tendered resignations of their commissions in the army or navy of the United States to evade duty in resisting the rebellion.

Sixth—All who have engaged in any way in the treating otherwise than lawfully as prisoners of war persons found in the United States service, as officers, soldiers, seamen, or in other capacities.

Seventh—All persons who have been or are absentees from the United States for the purpose of aiding the rebellion.

Eighth—All military and naval officers in the rebel service who were educated by the government in the Military Academy at West Point, or the United States Naval Academy.

Ninth—All persons who held the pretended offices of Governors of States in insurrection against the United States.

Tenth—All persons who left their homes within the jurisdiction and protection of the United States and passed beyond the federal military lines into the so-called Confederate States for the purpose of aiding the rebellion.

Eleventh—All persons who have been engaged in the destruction of the commerce of the United States upon the high-seas, and persons who have made raids into the United States from Canada, or been engaged in destroying the commerce of the United States upon the lakes and rivers that separate the British provinces from the United States.

Twelfth—All persons who, at the time when they seek to obtain the benefits hereof by taking the oath herein prescribed, are in military, naval or civil confinement or custody, or under bonds of the civil, military or naval authorities or agents of the United States, as prisoners of war, or persons detained for offences of any kind either before or after conviction.

Thirteenth—All persons who have voluntarily participated in said rebellion, and the estimated value of whose taxable property is over twenty thousand dollars.

Fourteenth—All persons who have taken the oath of amnesty as prescribed in the President's proclamation of December eighth, A. D., one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, or an oath of allegiance to the Government of the United States since the date of said proclamation, and who have not hereafter kept and maintained the same inviolate: PROVIDED, That special application may be made to the president for pardon by any person belonging to the excepted classes, and such clemency will be liberally extended as may be consistent with the facts of the case and the peace and dignity of the United States.

Under the first exception are included all persons who have been civil or diplomatic officers or agents of the pretended Confederate government, either within or without the territorial limits of the United States.

Under the seventh exception are included all officers, agents or private citizens who have been absent from the United States for the purpose of aiding the rebellion.

Under the thirteenth exception are included all who, during the rebellion, have held any office or agency under the State of pretended Confederate Government; or have in any way voluntarily joined in the rebellion, as for example, by entering or marching with armed forces hostile to the United States; by sending or furnishing money, provisions, or arms, to persons engaged in the rebellion, save in cases where money or provisions were furnished from the promptings of charity or humanity; by acting with assemblages of persons, whether organized or unorganized, hostile to the United States; or in any other way giving voluntary aid, assistance or encouragement to the rebellion; and whose taxable property on the 29th day of May, 1865, exceeded in value the sum of twenty thousand dollars.

The other exceptions are so plain as not to require explanation.

No certificate will be granted by the Justices to any person who is included within any of the fourteen excluded classes, unless on exhibition by the party of his pardon for his offence from the President.

The Justices appointed to administer the amnesty oath, and to furnish certificates of the same which shall be evidence of loyalty, are especially instructed to be vigilant and faithful.—While it will not be their duty to attempt to pry into the hearts and consciences of men, they will nevertheless admonish those who may apply to take the oath, that it must be taken and subscribed in good faith, with an honest intention on their part to keep it without secret purpose or mental reservation upon any occasion or at any time to commit any act in violation of said oath; and they will warn them that if the oath is not thus taken and kept, the pardon offered them by the President will be void, and they will remain subject to trial under the law for perjury and treason.

The Justices, Clerks and Sheriffs, whose duty it is to provide for administering the oath and to conduct the elections, are enjoined to use every practicable means to enable every citizen to take the oath who may desire and be entitled to do so. And the Inspectors are enjoined to inspect and examine fairly and truly to decide in every case in accordance with the law, and with the instructions they have received from this office, and to make prompt and correct returns of the number of votes and for whom cast, at their respective precincts.

Done at our city of Raleigh, the 8th day of August, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and in the year of the independence of the United States the eighty-ninth.

WILLIAM W. HOLDEN.
PROVISIONAL GOVERNOR.

By the Governor:
LEWIS HANES, Private Secretary.

SAWED LUMBER.

WE are now prepared to furnish any amount of PINE LUMBER, at the shortest notice. Our mill is in fine order and making beautiful lumber. We are situated on the Western N. C. Railroad, about 15 miles below Morganton, and can ship to any point to suit the purchaser.

LINDSEY & BARTON.
Morganton, N. C., Aug. 25, 1865—1mo882

SYNODICAL NOTICE.

THE SYNOD OF NORTH CAROLINA will meet in Fayetteville, on WEDNESDAY, the 25th day of October, 1865, at 7 o'clock, P. M.

JACOB DOLL,
dtf81 Stated Clerk.

Bacon and Corn Wanted.

I WISH to purchase at once a large amount of Bacon and Corn for the North Carolina R. R. Company, for which I will pay the highest market price in *Cash*.

Apply to me, or in my absence to McCubbins Foster & Co.

THOS. J. FOSTER
Purchasing Agent.
Salisbury, August 12, 1865. 1m-65

Books.—A fine lot of SCHOOL BOOKS just received by Messrs. McNeely & Co., consisting of Comstock's Chemistry, Well's Philosophy, Willards U. S. history, Abercromby's intellectual Philosophy, Scott's Manual of History of the U. S., Our Own School Arithmetic, Smith's Grammar, Practical Lessons in English by Bullion, McGuffy's 2d, 3d and 4th Readers, Standard Second Reader, Goodrich's 3d Reader, North Carolina Readers No. 2 & 3 Town's Grammar school reader, Blair's Lectures, McNally's Geography and Atlas, Davis' practical Arithmetic, National Primer, National 1st Reader, Webster's Spelling Book, together with a lot of Stationery, Ink-stands, Cup, letter and note paper, Envelopes, &c.

pd1mod82 McNEELY & CO.

DR. M. WHITEHEAD,

OFFICE AT HIS RESIDENCE,

WHERE he can be found at all hours unless

Professionally Engaged.

Salisbury June 15, 1865.

DR. C. A. HENDERSON,

RESPECTFULLY INFORMS THE PUBLIC that he is still engaged in the practice of Medicine. Office up stairs at

HENDERSON & SCHAFER'S

Drug Store, Salisbury North Carolina.

McCubbins, Foster and Co.

ARE opening a store at the old stand of Murphy & Co., and are receiving consignments to sell on Commission. They intend by the 20th Sept. to have a large and general assortment of goods direct from New York. 1m.

Aug. 12 1865.

DR. NESBITT.

STILL PRACTICE MEDICINE, SURGERY and Midwifery.

Salisbury N. C., June 22, 1865 tf